SIEMENS 7⁴²²



Burner Controls

LMG...

Burner controls for the supervision of 1- or 2-stage forced draft gas or gas / oil burners of small to medium capacity (typically up to 350 kW) in intermittent operation.

The LMG... and this Data Sheet are intended for OEMs which integrate the burner controls in their products.

Use

LMG... are designed for the startup and supervision of 1- or 2-stage forced draft gas or gas / oil burners in intermittent operation. The flame is supervised with an ionization probe or a UV flame detector QRA.... (with ancillary unit AGQ2 ...A27). LMG21... / LMG22... in the same housing replace burner controls LGB21... / LGB22... (refer to «Type summary») and – with the help of the relevant adapters – burner controls LFI7... and LFM1... (refer to «Ordering»).

Application-specific features

- Detection of undervoltages
- Air pressure supervision with functional check of the air pressure switch during startup and operation (only LMG2...)
- Electrical remote reset
- Display of error code and flame signal by signal lamps in the lockout reset button
- Accurate control sequence thanks to digital signal processing



To avoid injury to persons, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes should be observed!

Do not open, interfere with or modify the unit!

- All activities (mounting, installation and service work, etc.) must be carried out by qualified staff
- Before performing any wiring changes in the connection area of the LMG..., completely isolate the burner control from the mains supply (all-polar disconnection)
- Ensure protection against electric chock hazard by providing adequate protection for the burner control's connection terminals
- Check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state (refer to «Commissioning notes»)
- Check the connecting lines of the air pressure switch for short-circuits (connection terminals 3, 6 and 11)
- Press the lockout reset button / operation button only manually (applying a force of no more than 10 N), without using any tools or pointed objects
- Fall or shock can adversely affect the safety functions. Such units may not be put into operation, even if they do not exhibit any damage

Engineering notes

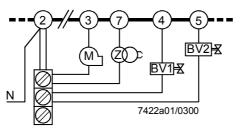
- On applications with actuators, the actuator does not deliver a position feedback signal to the burner control
- The actuator's run times must be matched to the burner control's program. An additional safety check of the burner together with the actuator must be made

Mounting notes

• Ensure that the relevant national safety regulations are complied with

- Always run the high-voltage ignition cables separate from the unit and other cables while observing the greatest possible distance
- Do not mix up live and neutral conductors
- Install switches, fuses, earthing, etc., in compliance with local regulations
- The connection diagrams shown apply to burner controls with an earthed neutral conductor. In the case of ionization current supervision in networks with non-earthed neutral conductor, terminal 2 must be connected to the earth conductor via an RC unit (part no. ARC 4 668 90660). It must be made certain that local regulations are complied with (e.g. protection against electric shock hazard) since AC 230 V / 50 Hz mains voltage produces peak leakage currents of 2.7 mA
- Make certain that the maximum permissible current rating of the connection terminals will not be exceeded
- Do not feed external mains voltage to the control outputs of the burner control.
 When testing the devices controlled by the LMG... (fuel valves, etc.), the burner control must never be plugged in
- In the case of burners with no fan motor, an AGK25 must be connected to terminal 3 of the unit, or else the burner cannot reliably be started up
- For safety reasons, feed the neutral conductor to terminal 2. As shown below, the burner components (fan, ignition transformer and gas valves) must be connected to the neutral distributor. The connection between neutral distributor and terminal 2 is prewired in the base of the unit

Example



Correct wiring of neutral conductors

Legend

BV... Fuel valve
M Fan motor

Z Ignition transformer

Electrical connection of ionization probe and flame detector

It is important to achieve practically disturbance- and loss-free signal transmission:

- Never run the detector cable together with other cables
 - Line capacitance reduces the magnitude of the flame signal
 - Use a separate cable
- Observe the permissible length of the detector cables (refer to «Technical data»)
- The ionization probe is not protected against electric shock hazard
- Locate the ignition electrode and ionization probe such that the ignition spark cannot arc over to the ionization probe (risk of electrical overloads) and that it cannot
 adversely affect the supervision of ionization
- Insulation resistance
 - Must be a minimum of 50 $M\Omega$ between ionization probe and ground
 - Soiled detector holders reduce the insulation resistance, thus supporting creepage currents
- Earth the burner in compliance with the relevant regulations; earthing the boiler alone does not suffice

- Prior to commissioning, check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state
- When commissioning the plant for the first time or when doing maintenance work, make the following safety checks:

	Safety check	Anticipated response
a)	Burner startup with open-circuit to the ionization probe	Lockout at the end of «TSA»
b)	Burner operation with simulated loss of flame; for that purpose, cut off the gas supply	Only with LMG25/LMG49.031: Restart followed by lockout at the end of «TSA»
c)	Burner operation with simulated air pressure failure (not with atmospheric burners)	Immediate lockout

Norms and certificates



- Conformity to EEC directives
 Electromagnetic compatibility EMC (immunity)
 Directive for gas-fired appliances
 Low-voltage directive

89 / 336 EEC 90 / 396 EEC 73 / 23 EEC







ISO 14001: 1996 Cert. 38233

Type reference		DVGW
LMG21.130B27	Х	Х
LMG21.230B27	Х	Х
LMG21.330B27	Х	X
LMG21.350B27	Х	Х
LMG21.530B27	Х	Х
LMG21.550B27	Х	X
LMG22.130B27	Х	Х
LMG22.230B27	Х	Х
LMG22.233B27	Х	X
LMG22.330B27	Х	Х
LMG25.230B27	Х	X
LMG25.330B27	Х	X
LMG25.350B27	Х	Х
LMG49.030B27		
LMG49.031B27		

Identification code to EN 298

- LMG21... / LMG22...

- LMG25...

FTLLXNFTCLXN

- LMG49...

ATLLXN

- Every time a unit has been replaced, check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state and make the safety checks as specified in «Commissioning notes»
- Use service adapter KF8872 for short periods of time only

Disposal notes



The unit contains electrical and electronic components and may not be disposed of together with household waste.

Local and currently valid legislation must be observed.

Mechanical design

LMG...

- Units of plug-in design like their predecessor types LGB2... (refer to «Dimensions»)
- Housing made of impact-proof and heat-resistant plastic
- The housing accommodates:
 - The microcontroller with the PCB relay for load control
 - The electronic flame signal amplifier (ionization)
 - The lockout reset button with the integrated red signal lamp and the green flame signal lamp

Versions

- LMG21... / LMG22...: Burner capacity unlimited (thermal output on startup
 - ≤ 120 kW)

Lockout in the event of loss of flame during operation

LMG25...: Burner capacity ≤ 120 kW

3 repetitions in the event of loss of flame during operation

- LMG49.030B27 Lockout in the event of loss of flame during operation
- LMG49.031B27 1 repetition in the event of loss of flame during operation

Type summary

The type references given below refer to the LMG... with no plug-in base and with no flame detector. For ordering information on the plug-in bases and other accessories, refer to «Ordering».

Type of flame detector	Type reference of	tw	t1 min.	TSA	t3n ca.	t3 ca.	t4 ca.	T10	t11	t12	Behavior in the event
	burner control	min. 1)		max.				min. 1)	max. 2)	max. 2)	of loss of flame during
											operation
Burner controls for prepu	ırging with low-fire air v	olume, wi	thout actu	ator cont	rol						
Ionization probe (ION)	LMG21.130B27 3)	2.5 s	7 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Lockout
or UV flame detector	LMG21.230B27 4)	2.5 s	20 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Lockout
QRA (with ancillary	LMG21.330B27 4)	2.5 s	30 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Lockout
unit AGQ2A27)	LMG21.350B27 4)	2.5 s	30 s	5 s	4 s	2 s	10 s	5 s			Lockout
	LMG21.530B27	2.5 s	50 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Lockout
	LMG21.550B27 4)	2.5 s	50 s	5 s	4 s	2 s	10 s	5 s			Lockout
Burner controls for prepu	rging with nominal air v	olume, w	ith actuate	or control							
Ionization probe (ION)	LMG22.130B27 3)	2.5 s	7 s	3 s	2 s	3 s	8 s	3 s	12 s	12 s	Lockout
or UV flame detector	LMG22.230B27 4)	2.5 s	20 s	3 s	2 s	3 s	8 s	3 s	16.5 s	16.5 s	Lockout
QRA (with ancillary	LMG22.233B27	2.5 s	20 s	3 s	2 s	3 s	8 s	3 s	30 s	30 s	Lockout
unit AGQ2A27)	LMG22.330B27 4)	2.5 s	30 s	3 s	2 s	3 s	8 s	3 s	12 s	11 s	Lockout
Burner controls for prepu	ırging with low-fire air v	olume, wi	thout actu	ator							
Ionization probe (ION)	LMG25.230B27	2.5 s	20 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Max. 3 repetitions
or UV flame detector	LMG25.330B27	2.5 s	30 s	3 s	2 s	2 s	8 s	5 s			Max. 3 repetitions
QRA (with ancillary	LMG25.350B27	2.5 s	30 s	5 s	4 s	2 s	10 s	5 s			Max. 3 repetitions
unit AGQ2A27)											
Burner controls for atmospheric burners											
Ionization probe (ION)	LMG49.030B27 ⁵⁾	3.5 s		3 s	2 s	0.5 s	0.5 s				Lockout
or UV flame detector	LMG49.031B27	3.5 s		3 s	2 s	0.5 s	1 s				Max. 1 repetition
QRA (with ancillary											
unit AGQ2A27)											

Legen	C
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Waiting time tw Prepurge time t1 TSA Safety time t3 Preignition time Postignition time t3n Interval between release of «BV1» and release of «BV2» t4 t10 Specified time for air pressure signal t11 Programmed opening time for actuator «SA» Programmed closing time for actuator «SA» t12

- 1) Max. 65 s
- Max. running time available for actuators «SA»;
 the actuator's running time must be shorter
- 3) Also suited for use with flash-steam generators
- 4) Also suited for use with direct fired air heaters
- 5) Unit without «LP» supervision, for burners without fan up to 120 kW

Burner control (without plug-in base)

refer to «Type summary»

Connection accessories for small burner controls

refer to Data Sheet 7201

- Plug-in base AGK11...
- Cable holders AGK65..., AGK66, and AGK67...
- Cable strain relief elements for AGK67...

Connection accessories for small burner controls

refer to Data Sheet 7203

- Plug-in base AGK13...
- Plug-in housing AGK56...
- Cover AGK68...

Flame detectors

Ionization probe supplied by thirdsUV detectors QRA... refer to Data Sheet 7712

Actuators SQN3... refer to Data Sheet 7808

Actuators SQN7... refer to Data Sheet 7804

Actuators SQN9... refer to Data Sheet 7806



Pedestal (empty housing)

AGK21

For increasing the height to that of the LFM... or LFI7... (refer to «Dimensions»)



RC unit ARC 4 668 9066 0

For supervising the ionization current in networks with non-earthed neutral conductor



PTC resistor (AC 230 V)

AGK25

For producing a burden on terminal 3 (on burners with no fan motor, e.g. atmospheric gas burners)



Ancillary unit for UV supervision

- Cable length 500 mm

AGQ2.1A27

- Cable length 300 mm

AGQ2.2A27

Can be fitted under the plug-in base (for size, refer to «Dimensions»)



Test case

KF8843

- For checking the functioning of burner controls
- Refer to Operating Instructions C7986



Test adapter

KF8872

- For checking the functioning of the burner on the plant
- Functional check with the signal lamps

Note: With no load on the output terminals, the respective signal lamp may light up

- Detector current measurement with jacks of 4 mm diameter



Adapters / replacement types

No rewiring required



New type of burner control	Type of adapter	Type of predecessor unit
LMG21 with adapter	KF8853-K	LFI7
	KF8880 ¹)	LFM1 / LFM1F
LMG2 with adapter	KF8853-K	LFI7
	KF8880 1)	LFM1

¹) Not for use with atmospheric burners! For UV supervision, AGQ2... with additional external wiring is also required.

Technical data

General unit data

Mains voltage	AC 230 V +10/-15 %
Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %
Power consumption	12 VA
Primary fuse	max. 10 A (slow)
Built-in fuse	T6,3H250V to DIN 60 127
Mounting position	optional
Input current at terminal 12	max. 5 A
Weight	approx. 160 g
Degree of protection	IP 40
Perm. cable length terminal 1	max. 1 m at 100 pF / m
	(max. 3 m at 15 pF / m)
Perm. cable length terminals 8 and 10	max. 20 m at 100 pF / m
Perm. cable length other terminals	max. 3 m at 100 pF / m

Environmental conditions

Transport	DIN EN 60 721-3-2
Climatic conditions	class 2K2
Mechanical conditions	class 2M2
Temperature range	-40+60 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.
Operation	DIN EN 60 721-3-3
Climatic conditions	class 3K5
Mechanical conditions	class 3M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.

\triangle

Condensation, formation of ice and ingress of water are not permitted!

Perm. amperage	At $cos\phi \ge 0.6$	At $cos\phi = 1$
- Terminal 3	Max. 2.7 A (15 A during max. 0.5 s)	Max. 3 A
- Terminals 4, 5 and 7	Max. 1.7 A	Max. 2 A
- Terminal 10	Max. 1 A	Max. 1 A

Flame supervision with ionization probe

	At mains voltage U _N = AC 230 V
Detector voltage across terminals 1 and 2 or ground	≤Un
(AC voltmeter, Ri \geq 10 M Ω)	
Switching thresholds (limit values)	
Switching on (flame on) (DC ammeter, Ri \leq 5 k Ω)	≥ 2 µA
Switching off (flame off) (DC ammeter, Ri \leq 5 k Ω)	≤ 1.6 µA
Detector current required for reliable operation	≥ 3 µA
Possible detector current during operation	max. 50 μA
Short-circuit current across terminals 1 and 2 or ground	max. 100 μA
(AC ammeter, $Ri \le 5 k\Omega$)	

Note



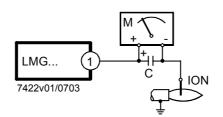
With the same quality of flame, the detector current with the LMG... may be lower than that with the LGB2....

Flame supervision is accomplished by making use of the conductivity and rectifying effect of the flame.

The flame signal amplifier only responds to the DC current component of the flame signal.

A short-circuit between ionization probe and ground causes the burner to initiate lock-out.

Measuring circuit



Legend

C Electrolytic capacitor 100...470 $\mu F;$ DC 10...25 V

ION Ionization probe

M Microammeter, Ri max. 5,000 Ω

For detector currents, refer to «Technical data».

Flame supervision with AGQ2...A27 and UV detector QRA...

Mains voltage	AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %
Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %
Perm. cable length from QRA to AGQ2A27	max. 20 m
(lay separate cable)	
Perm. cable length from	max. 2 m
AGQ2A27 to LMG	
Weight of AGQ2A27	approx. 140 g
Mounting position	optional
Degree of protection	IP 40
Power consumption	4.5 VA

	At mains voltage Un				
	AC 220 V	AC 240 V			
Detector voltage at QRA (with no load)					
Until the end of «t10» and after controlled shutdown	DC 400 V	DC 400 V			
From the start of «t1»	DC 300 V	DC 300 V			
Detector voltage	Detector voltage				
Load by DC measuring instrument Ri > 10 M Ω					
Until the end of «t10» and after controlled shutdown	DC 380 V	DC 380 V			
From the start of «t1»	DC 280 V	DC 280 V			
DC current detector signals with UV detector	Min. required	Max. possible			
QRA					
Measurement at the UV detector	200 μΑ	500 μA			

Ancillary unit AGQ2...A27

In connection with burner controls LMG..., use of UV ancillary unit AGQ2...A27 is mandatory.

Using circuitry (A) or (B), the quench test on aging UV detectors can be made in 2 different ways:

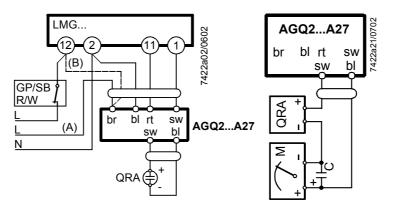
- 1. (A) Operation with a permanent line.
 - UV test with a higher supply voltage across the UV cell on startup and after the controlled shutdown.
- 2. (B) Operation with a controlled line.

UV test with a higher supply voltage only on startup during the interval between controlled startup and air pressure signal.

- No voltage at UV cell after the controlled shutdown
- No full substitute for mode (A) described above since an aged UV cell can regenerate itself

Connection diagram

Measuring circuit for measuring the UV detector current



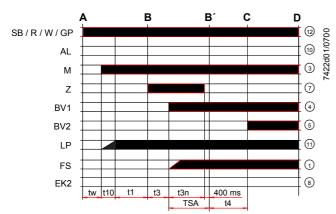
Measurement made at the UV detector

Legend

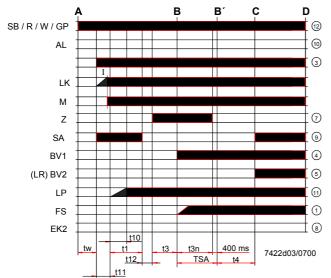
С	Electrolytic capacitor 100470 μF; DC 1025 V	bl	blue
M	Microammeter Ri max. 5,000 Ω	br	brown
QRA	UV detector	gr	grey
GP	Gas pressure switch	rt	red
SB	Safety limit thermostat	sw	black
R	Control thermostat or pressurestat		
W	Limit thermostat or pressure switch		

Function

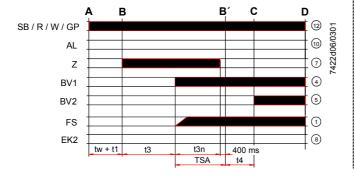
LMG21...



LMG22...



LMG49...



Legend

- A Start command (switching on by «R»)
 C Operating position of burner reached
 B-B' Interval for establishment of flame
- C-D Burner operation (generation of heat)
- D Controlled shutdown by «R»
 - Burner will immediately be shut down
 - Burner control will immediately be ready for a new startup
- AL Error message (alarm)
- BV... Fuel valve
- EK2 Remote reset button
- FS Flame signal
- GP Gas pressure switch
- LP Air pressure switch
- LR Load controller
- M Fan motor
- R Control thermostat or pressurestat
- SA Actuator
- SB Safety limit thermostat
- W Limit thermostat or pressure switch
- Z Ignition transformer
- I Cam I actuator
- t1 Prepurge time

t3

- Preignition time
- t3n Postignition time
- t4 Interval between establishment of flame and release of «BV2»
- t10 Specified time for air pressure signal
- t11 Programmed opening time for actuator «SA»
- t12 Programmed closing time for actuator «SA»
- TSA Safety time
- tw Waiting time

Prerequisites for startup

- Burner control is reset
- All contacts in the line are closed
- Fan motor «M» or AGK25 is connected
- Air pressure switch «LP» is in the normal position
- No undervoltage
- Fuel valve «BV1» is connected

Undervoltage

Safety shutdown is the event

- mains voltage is lower than AC 180 V (typically)
- a restart is made when mains voltage exceeds AC 195 V

Controlled intermittent operation

After no more than 24 hours of continuous operation, the burner control will initiate automatic safety shutdown followed by a restart.

Reversed polarity protection

If the connections of line (terminal 12) and the neutral conductor (terminal 2) have been mixed up, the burner control will initiate lockout at the end of «TSA».

Control program in the event of fault

- If a fault occurs, all outputs will immediately be deactivated (< 1 second)
- On restoration of power, a restart will be made with the full control sequence
- If mains voltage drops below the undervoltage threshold (for threshold, refer to «Functions»), a restart will be made with the full control sequence
- If there is a premature faulty flame signal during «t1», the burner control will initiate lockout
- If the contacts of the air pressure switch «LP» have welded in their working position, startup will be prevented and, after 65 seconds, lockout initiated
- If there is no air pressure on completion of «t10», the burner control will initiate lockout
- If the burner does not ignite during «TSA», lockout will be initiated
- If the flame is lost during operation:

 \rightarrow LMG21... / LMG22... / LMG49.030B27 lockout \rightarrow LMG25... 3 repetitions \rightarrow LMG49.031B27 1 repetition

Lockout

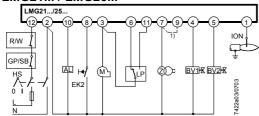
Lockout cannot be changed and takes place 10 seconds after safety shutdown. A mains voltage failure during that period a time will lead to a restart.

Resetting the LMG...

Whenever lockout occurs, the burner control can immediately be reset. Press lockout reset button and keep it depressed for **0.5... 3 seconds**.

The LMG... can be reset only when all contacts in the line are closed and when there is no undervoltage.

LMG21... / LMG25...



1) Wire link required only with the LGB21..., not with the $\,$ LMG21... / LMG25...

Application examples

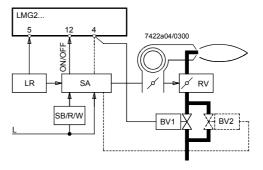
Control of actuators of 2-stage or 2-stage modulating burners. Controlled prepurging «t1» with low-fire air volume. Same low-fire actuator position during startup and operation.

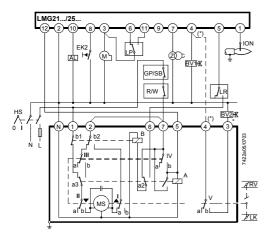
For information about actuators «SA»:

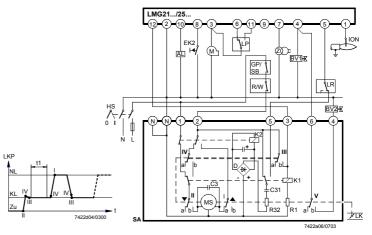
SQN3... refer to Data Sheet 7808

SQN7... refer to Data Sheet 7804

SQN9... refer to Data Sheet 7806





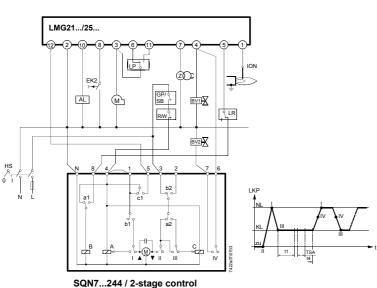


SQN91.140... / 2-stage control

SQN3...121... / 2-stage control

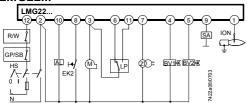
* Note:

With 2-stage modulating burners (with gas regulation damper «RV»), «BV2» and the dotted connection between terminals (*) are not required.



13/18

LMG22..



Application examples

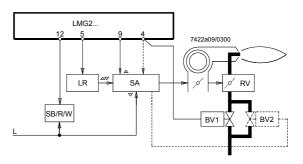
Control of actuators of 2-stage or 2-stage modulating burners. Controlled prepurging «t1» with nominal load air volume.

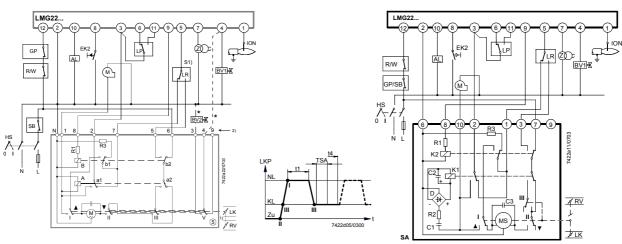
For information about actuators «SA»:

SQN3... refer to Data Sheet 7808

SQN7... refer to Data Sheet 7804

SQN9... refer to Data Sheet 7806



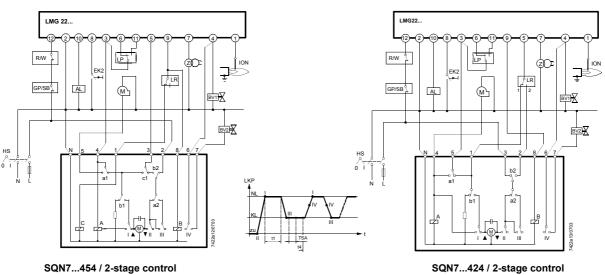


SQN3...151... or SQN3...251...

* Note:

With 2-stage modulating burners (with gas regulation damper «RV»), «BV2» and the dotted connection between terminals (*) are not required.

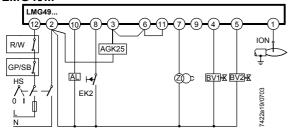
SQN90.220... / 2-stage modulating control



SQN7...454 / 2-stage contro 1-wire control

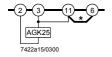
SQN7...424 / 2-stage control 2-wire control

LMG49...



Other application examples

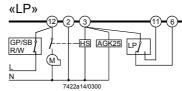
Burner without fan and without «LP»



* Note: Different from LGB...

Only for LMG21... / LMG22... / LMG25...

Burner with fan control via auxiliary contactor «HS» with



Legend	AGK25	PTC resistor	LP	Air pressure switch
	AL	Error message (alarm)	LR	Load controller
	BV	Fuel valve	М	Fan motor
	Dbr	Wire link	MS	Synchronous motor
	EK2	Remote lockout reset button	NL	Nominal load
	ION	Ionization probe	QRA	UV detector
	FS	Flame signal	R	Control thermostat / pressurestat
	GP	Gas pressure switch	RV	Gas regulation damper
	HS	Auxiliary contactor, relay	SA	Actuator SQN
	K14	Internal relays	SB	Safety limit thermostat
	KL	Low-fire	t	Time
	LK	Air damper	W	Limit thermostat / pressure switch
	LKP	Air damper position	Z	Ignition transformer

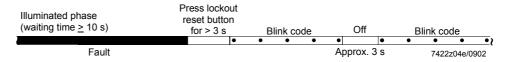
Operating concept

Burner control has initiated lockout	Reset
→ Red signal lamp illuminated	Press lockout reset button for 0.53 s
47 AT White the second of th	 Diagnosis of cause of fault Wait > 10 s Press lockout reset button for > 3 s Read blink code of red signal lamp → «Error code table»
 Burner control in operation 	Restart
→ Green flame signal lamp illuminated	Press lockout reset button for 0.53 s
FS	



After lockout, the red signal lamp is steady on.

For reading the cause of fault, refer to the blink code given in the following table:



Error code table			
	Possible cause		
Blink code			
2 blinks	No establishment of flame at the end of «TSA»		
• •	- Faulty or soiled ionization probe		
	- Faulty or soiled fuel valves		
	- Poor adjustment of burner		
3 blinks	Air pressure switch does not close		
• • •	- «LP» faulty		
	- «LP» incorrectly adjusted		
	- Fan motor does not run		
4 blinks	Air pressure		
• • • •	- «LP» faulty		
	- «LP» incorrectly adjusted		
5 blinks	Extraneous light during prepurging		
• • • •	- Or internal device fault		
7 blinks	Loss of flame during operation		
• • • • • •	 Poor adjustment of burner 		
	 Faulty or soiled fuel valves 		
	- Short-circuit between ionization probe and ground		
817 blinks	• Free		
• • • • • • •			
• • • • • • • • •			
• • • • • •			
18 blinks	Air pressure switch opens during prepurging or opera-		
• • • • • • • • •	tion		
• • • • • • •	 «LP» incorrectly adjusted 		
	 4 times loss of flame during operation (LMG25) 		
	 2 times loss of flame during operation 		
	(LMG49.031)		
19 blinks	Faulty output contact		
• • • • • • • • •	- Wiring error		
• • • • • • •	 External power supply on output terminal 		
20 blinks	Internal device fault		
• • • • • • • • •			
• • • • • • • •			

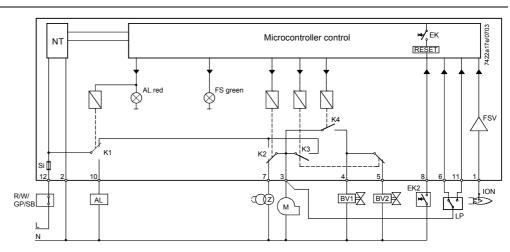
During the time the cause of fault is diagnosed, the control outputs are deactivated.

- The burner remains shut down
- Exception: Error message «AL» at terminal 10

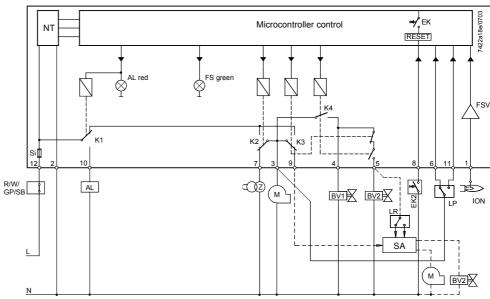
The burner is switched on only after a reset is made

- Press lockout reset button for 0.5...3 s

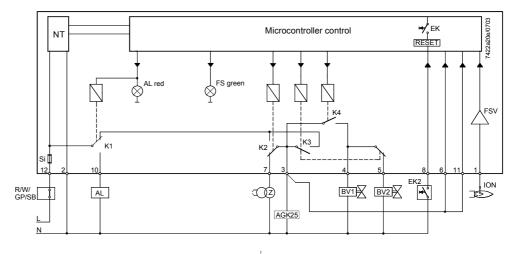
LMG21... / LMG25...



LMG22...



LMG49...



Legend

AL Alarm

BV... Fuel valve

EK... Lockout reset button (built-in)

ION Ionization probe

FS Flame signal

FSV Flame signal amplifier

GP Gas pressure switch

M Fan motor
NT Power section

LP Air pressure switch

LR Load controller

R Control thermostat or pressurestat

SA Actuator

SB Safety limit thermostat

Si Internal fuse

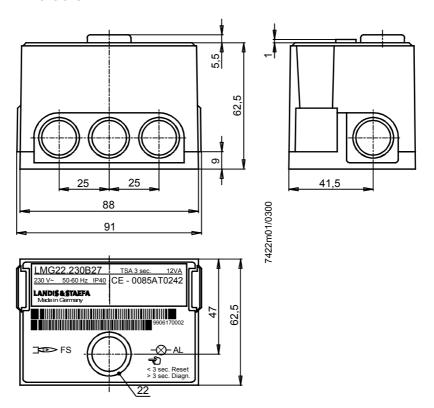
W Limit thermostat or pressure switch

Z Ignition transformer

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Burner control with plug-in base AGK11... and cable gland holder AGK65...

Dimensions in mm



Ancillary unit AGQ2...A27

